
EDITORIAL

Special Review and Topics in Fifth Issue of Thai Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology 2024

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This fifth issue of Thai Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology 2024 contains many interesting articles. The special article is “Practical initial evaluation of fetus and placenta of stillbirths for obstetricians in delivery room”. This article aimed to review the practical points and necessary assessment of fetal anomalies and placental examination in stillbirth. The contents showed how to examine the fetus and placenta in stillbirth⁽¹⁾.

This issue also contains seven original articles and one case report. Jaishuen et al performed a retrospective cohort study to evaluate 5-year survival in patients with endometrioid endometrial carcinoma, who underwent evaluation of retroperitoneal pelvic lymph nodes alone, compared to evaluation of pelvic with paraaortic lymph nodes and found that the evaluation of pelvic and paraaortic lymph nodes was independently associated with enhanced survival outcomes⁽²⁾. Somjit et al performed a study to evaluate the efficacy of the ‘Si-Washer’ in cleansing gynaecological laparoscopic instruments. They found that the Si-Washer effectively decontaminated gynaecological laparoscopic instruments⁽³⁾. Terece et al performed a comparative study to evaluate the impact of delivery mode on sexual function in the first year after childbirth. They found that regardless of the mode of delivery, all participating women in the first year after childbirth had deficiencies in total female sexual function index scores and all subscale scores, indicating sexual dysfunction. This inadequacy in sexual dysfunction was more pronounced in women who gave birth vaginally than those who gave birth by cesarean section⁽⁴⁾. Chu et al performed a study to evaluate breast cancer susceptibility gene 1/2 (BRCA1/2) in cases of ovarian cancer among Vietnamese population. They found that found 5 pathogenic and likely pathogenic (P/LP) variants, including c.1801_1808delCACAATTC, c.1016delA, c.1673_1674delAA, c.928C>T in BRCA1 and c.2865delC in BRCA2 with a frequency of 3.03%, except for c.1801_1808delCACAATTC (6.06%). The prevalence of BRCA1/2 P/LP variants in the high-risk group was 22.73%, while this figure for the low-risk group was 9.09%⁽⁵⁾. Wittayatanaseth et al performed a cross-sectional study to find the prevalence of iron-deficient erythropoiesis in Thai pregnant women during early pregnancy with the identification of associated factors. The results revealed the prevalence of iron-deficient erythropoiesis was 10.77% and multiparity was associated with iron-deficient erythropoiesis⁽⁶⁾. Sirisakpanich et al performed a retrospective study of women diagnosed with stage II-IV uterovaginal prolapse to evaluate surgical outcomes of laparoscopic high uterosacral ligament suspension for apical prolapse repair and the ability to perform concomitant bilateral salpingectomy/salpingo-oophorectomy. They found that high anatomical success of 90% was achieved at 12-month follow-up and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy could be performed in all patients⁽⁷⁾. Sompratthana et al performed a retrospective study analyzed cases spanning from 2015 to 2019 of patients diagnosed with endometrial

intraepithelial neoplasia (EIN) to find the prevalence of concurrent endometrial cancer and to assess the characteristics and risk factors associated with occult endometrial cancer in EIN patients. The results demonstrated the prevalence of concurrent endometrial cancer in EIN patients was 23.1%. All patients diagnosed with concurrent endometrial cancer exhibited uterine-confined disease, with no diagnoses of stage III or IV disease⁽⁸⁾.

Regarding case report, Dasrilsyah et al reported an uncommon case of urethral caruncle in teenage girl presented with periurethral mass and successfully surgical management⁽⁹⁾.

Editor in Chief and managing staff of the Thai Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology were invited by the Thai-Journal Citation Index (TCI) Centre, financially supported by the Thailand Science Research and Innovation (TSRI) on August 26, 2024 at Eastin Grand Hotel Sathorn Bangkok, South Sathorn Road, Yannawa, Sathorn, Bangkok, Thailand. TCI has implemented the project "Development and improvement of the quality of Thai journals in the Scopus database Phase II". To raise the quartile of Thai journals in the Scopus machine, 48 journals remain in Q1-Q2, the organizational structure improves the system and the development of the quality of Thai journals in the Scopus process for the better, and reports the results of monitoring and evaluating the performance of journals in the project and provides knowledge about the development of journal websites according to the new criteria of Scopus, including new knowledge in issues related to AI and the ethics of journal editors, as well as guidelines for developing the quality of Thai journals in Scopus to have a higher Quartile.

The RTCOG 39th annual meeting will be held during 29 October - 1 November 2024 at Dusit Thani, Pattaya, Chonburi, Thailand. The theme of the meeting is "Optimizing OBGYN". Wish to see you at RTCOG Annual Meeting 2024 at Dusit Thani, Pattaya, Chonburi, Thailand.

References

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